REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE WAYNE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Greg Rankin, Wayne County Judge/Executive
Members of the Wayne County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Peercy and Gray, PSC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Peercy and Gray, PSC to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Percy and Gray, PSC, evaluated the Wayne County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE WAYNE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2009

Peercy and Gray, PSC has completed the audit of the Wayne County Fiscal Court fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$11,310,478 as of June 30, 2009. In its governmental activities, the fiscal court had restricted net assets of \$367,696 and unrestricted net assets of \$1,456,026 as of June 30, 2009, with total net assets of \$7,804,005. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$328,917 with total net assets of \$3,506,473. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2009 of \$12,426,620 with \$775,700 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

- 2009-1 The Airport Board Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties
- 2009-2 The County Should Capitalize Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy
- 2009-3 The Airport Board Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days As Required By KRS 65.140

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

CONTENTS	p	AGE
CONTENTS	F	AUL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
WAYNE COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	7
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	10
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	15
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	18
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	23
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	35
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	36
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	41
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	61
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	64
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	67
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	71
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	75
COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION	
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

2300 Hurstbourne Village Drive, Suite 500 Louisville, Kentucky 40299

Phone: (502) 493-1090 FAX: (502) 493-7231

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Greg Rankin, Wayne County Judge/Executive
Members of the Wayne County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Wayne County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Wayne County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The County has chosen not to present the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison schedules. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Greg Rankin, Wayne County Judge/Executive
Members of the Wayne County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wayne County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2010, on our consideration of Wayne County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2009-1 The Airport Board Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties

2009-2 The County Should Capitalize Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy

2009-3 The Airport Board Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days As Required By KRS 65.140

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC

Peerry and Gray, PSC

January 28, 2010

WAYNE COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Fiscal Court Members:

Greg Rankin County Judge/Executive

Danny Bell Magistrate
Darrell Dishman Magistrate
Dale Vaughn Magistrate
Richard Munsey Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

L. Lee Tobbe County Attorney

Ray Upchurch Jailer

Melissa Turpin County Clerk

Richard Morrow Circuit Court Clerk

Charles Boston Sheriff

Bobby Upchurch Property Valuation Administrator

Forest Hicks Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Barbara Gehring County Treasurer

Barbara Hagen Occupational Tax Collector

Peggy Baker Finance Officer
Sue Thompson Payroll Officer
Danny Kinnett Road Supervisor
Marcia Phillips Jail Administrator



WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type			
	Activities	Activities	Totals		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,823,722	\$ 328,917	\$ 2,152,639		
Assets Held for Resale	105,000		105,000		
Notes Receivable (Cable System)	97,733		97,733		
Total Current Assets	2,026,455	328,917	2,355,372		
Noncurrent Assets:					
Notes Receivable (Cable System)	1,784,416		1,784,416		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation					
Construction In Progress		38,752	38,752		
Land and Land Improvements	936,035	110,312	1,046,347		
Buildings	11,095,755	831,305	11,927,060		
Other Equipment	736,587	4,992	741,579		
Vehicles and Equipment	612,389	1,490	613,879		
Infrastructure	3,001,488	2,228,205	5,229,693		
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,166,670	3,215,056	21,381,726		
Total Assets	20,193,125	3,543,973	23,737,098		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	495,000		495,000		
Financing Obligations Payable	273,200	7,500	280,700		
Total Current Liabilities	768,200	7,500	775,700		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	9,710,000		9,710,000		
Financing Obligations Payable	1,910,920	30,000	1,940,920		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,620,920	30,000	11,650,920		
Total Liabilities	12,389,120	37,500	12,426,620		
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of Related Debt	5,980,283	3,177,556	9,157,839		
Restricted For:	• •				
Capital Projects	367,696		367,696		
Unrestricted	1,456,026	328,917	1,784,943		
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,804,005	\$ 3,506,473	\$ 11,310,478		



WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Prog	eived			
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Frants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contribution	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	2,537,412	\$	10,938	\$	1,574,467	\$	
Protection to Persons and Property		2,919,039		931,363		1,295,070		
General Health and Sanitation		269,362						
Social Services		166,427						
Recreation and Culture		146,135						
Roads		974,542				1,307,518		
Airports		10,541						
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		13,788						
Debt Service		440,986						
Capital Projects		268,225						
Total Governmental Activities		7,746,457		942,301		4,177,055		
Business-type Activities:								
Jail Canteen		293,670		250,879		33,890		
Airport Board	_	247,174		117,972		343,434		
Total Business-type Activities		540,844		368,851		377,324		
Total Primary Government	\$	8,287,301	\$	1,311,152	\$	4,554,379	\$	0

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Occupational Taxes

Other Taxes

Insurance License tax

Excess Fees

Miscellaneous Revenues

Interest Income

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated) (Note 10)

Net Assets - Ending

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets										
	Primary Government									
	vernmental		siness-Type		T-4-1-					
	Activities		Activities		Totals					
\$	(952,007)	\$		\$	(952,007)					
_	(692,606)	_		-	(692,606)					
	(269,362)				(269,362)					
	(166,427)				(166,427)					
	(146,135)				(146,135)					
	332,976				332,976					
	(10,541)				(10,541)					
	(13,788)				(13,788)					
	(440,986)				(440,986)					
	(268,225)				(268,225)					
	(2,627,101)				(2,627,101)					
	() /				(, , , , , , , ,					
			(0.004)		(0.004)					
			(8,901)		(8,901)					
			214,232		214,232					
			205,331		205,331					
\$	(2,627,101)	\$	205,331	\$	(2,421,770)					
\$	712,049	\$		\$	712,049					
	147,556				147,556					
	84,106				84,106					
	1,298,912				1,298,912					
	476,774				476,774					
	530,564				530,564					
	83,003				83,003					
	92,376				92,376					
	34,439		112		34,551					
	(10,936)		10,936							
	3,448,843		11,048		3,459,891					
	821,742		216,379		1,038,121					
	6,982,263		3,290,094		10,272,357					
\$	7,804,005	\$	3,506,473	\$	11,310,478					



WAYNE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WAYNE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund	Justice Center Project Fund	Non- Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS					_		_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,219,489	\$	125,449	\$	90,909	\$367,696	\$ 20,179	\$	1,823,722
Total Assets	1,219,489		125,449		90,909	367,696	 20,179		1,823,722
FUND BALANCES									
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances	35,977		6,872		38,055				80,904
Unreserved:									
General Fund	1,183,512								1,183,512
Special Revenue Funds			118,577		52,854		20,179		191,610
Debt Service Fund						367,696	 		367,696
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,219,489	\$	125,449	\$	90,909	\$367,696	\$ 20,179	\$	1,823,722
Reconciliation to Statement of Ne	t Assets:								
Total Fund Balances							\$ 1,823,722		
Amounts Reported For Governmen	ntal Activities In	The	Statement						
Of Net Assets Are Different Beca	ause:								
Capital Assets Used in Governm	nental Activities	Are	Not Financ	cial R	esources				
And Therefore Are Not Report	ted in the Funds						19,134,068		
Accumulated Depreciation							(2,751,814)		
Assets Held for Resale							105,000		
Notes Receivable (Cable System)						1,882,149			
Long-term debt is not due and p	ayable in the cu	rrent	period and	d, the	erefore, is r	not			
reported in the funds.									
Financing Obligations							(2,184,120)		
Bonded Debt							 (10,205,000)		
Net Assets Of Governmental Activ	vities						\$ 7,804,005		



WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General		Road		Jail -		Justice Center	
		Fund	 Fund		Fund	Pro	ject Fund	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	2,941,793	\$	\$		\$		
In Lieu Tax Payments		263,487	4,114					
Excess Fees		83,003	ŕ					
Licenses and Permits		37,182						
Intergovernmental		986,254	1,274,606		1,281,670		588,213	
Charges for Services		915,566			26,735			
Miscellaneous		47,782	10,265		34,329			
Interest		22,123	7,457		1,976		2,556	
Total Revenues		5,297,190	1,296,442		1,344,710		590,769	
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		985,868						
Protection to Persons and Property		1,440,195			1,249,753			
General Health and Sanitation		263,876						
Social Services		166,427						
Recreation and Culture		146,135						
Roads			906,415					
Airports		10,541						
Road Facilities			13,788					
Debt Service		106,604	131,135				585,963	
Capital Projects		303,769	155,294					
Administration		1,077,183	105,803		227,114		3,970	
Total Expenditures		4,500,598	1,312,435		1,476,867		589,933	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		796,592	(15,993)		(132,157)		836	
Other Fire with Course (Hear)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Debt Issuance			29 627					
		2.760	28,637		460,000			
Transfers From Other Funds		3,760			469,000			
Transfers to Other Funds		(496,262)	 29.627		(309,600)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(492,502)	 28,637		159,400			
Net Change in Fund Balances		304,090	12,644		27,243		836	
Fund Balances - Beginning		915,399	112,805		63,666		366,860	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,219,489	\$ 125,449	\$	90,909	\$	367,696	

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Detention Facility Project Fund	Non- Major Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds	
\$	\$	3,385	\$	2,945,178	
•	·	-,		267,601	
				83,003	
				37,182	
		46,312		4,177,055	
				942,301	
				92,376	
		327	34,439		
		50,024		8,579,135	
				_	
		31,011		1,016,879	
		18,089		2,708,037	
				263,876	
				166,427	
				146,135	
				906,415	
				10,541	
				13,788	
309,600				1,133,302	
				459,063	
		5,409		1,419,479	
309,600		54,509		8,243,942	
(309,600)		(4,485)		335,193	
				28,637	
309,600		16,326		798,686	
	_	(3,760)		(809,622)	
309,600		12,566		17,701	
		8,081		352,894	
		12,098		1,470,828	
\$ 0	\$	20,179	\$	1,823,722	



WAYNE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WAYNE COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 352,894
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	297,075
Depreciation Expense	(480,506)
Book Value of Disposed Assets	(11,400)
Notes Receivable principal received are receipted in the Governmental Funds	
as source of current financial resources. These transaction have no effect on net assets.	(94,956)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current	
financial resources to governmental funds, while financing obligation	
and bond principle payments are expensed in the governmental funds as a use	
of current financial resources. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets	
Financing Obligations Proceeds	(28,637)
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	317,272
Bond Principal Payments	 470,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 821,742



WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Jail Canteen Fund		Airport Board Fund		Totals
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,677	\$	304,240	\$ 328,917
Total Current Assets		24,677		304,240	328,917
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets					
Land and Land Improvements				110,312	110,312
Construction in Progress				38,752	38,752
Buildings				1,161,952	1,161,952
Infrastructure				2,503,121	2,503,121
Vehicles and Equipment		13,568		9,500	23,068
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(8,576)		(613,573)	 (622,149)
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,992		3,210,064	 3,215,056
Total Assets		29,669		3,514,304	 3,543,973
Liabilities Current Liabilities:					
Financing Obligations				7,500	7,500
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Financing Obligations				30,000	30,000
Total Liabilities				37,500	 37,500
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of Related Debt		4,992		3,172,564	3,177,556
Unrestricted		24,677		304,240	328,917
Total Net Assets	\$	29,669	\$	3,476,804	\$ 3,506,473



WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

	Fullus					
	Ca	Jail anteen Fund		Airport Board Fund	Total	
Operating Revenues			,			
Canteen Receipts	\$	250,879	\$		\$	250,879
Airport Receipts				117,972		117,972
Total Operating Revenues		250,879		117,972		368,851
Operating Expenses						
Cost of Sales		152,911		82,651		235,562
Service Fees				9,112		9,112
Contract Labor				2,400		2,400
Dues and Subscriptions				3,600		3,600
Educational and Recreational		20,052				20,052
Insurance				10,309		10,309
Office Supplies		2,599				2,599
Personnel Costs		56,977				56,977
Repairs and Maintenance				10,298		10,298
Sales Tax		11,533		4,725		16,258
Depreciation		251		120,147		120,398
Interest				900		900
Miscellaneous		4,055		814		4,869
Utilities				2,218		2,218
Total Operating Expenses		248,378		247,174		495,552
Operating Income (Loss)		2,501		(129,202)		(126,701)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest Income				112		112
Grant Receipts				343,434		343,434
Transfers In				10,936		10,936
Medical Expenses		(16,978)				(16,978)
Inmate Pay From State		33,890				33,890
Inmate Refunds		(28,314)				(28,314)
Total Nonoperating Revenues						
(Expenses)		(11,402)		354,482		343,080
Change In Net Assets		(8,901)		225,280		216,379
Total Net Assets - Beginning		38,570		3,251,524		3,290,094
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	29,669	\$	3,476,804	\$	3,506,473



WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

$\label{eq:wayne} \textbf{Wayne county} \\ \textbf{STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS} \\$

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Jail Canteen Fund		Airport Board Fund		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Receipts From Customers	\$	250,879	\$	117,972	\$	368,851
Payments to Suppliers		(152,911)		(82,651)		(235,562)
Payments to Employees		(56,977)		(2,400)		(59,377)
Other		(38,239)		(41,976)		(80,215)
Net Cash Provided By						
Operating Activities		2,752		(9,055)		(6,303)
Cash Flows From Noncapital						
Financing Activities		22 000				22 000
Inmate Pay From State		33,890		10.026		33,890
Transfers In		(1 < 070)		10,936		10,936
Medical Expenses		(16,978)				(16,978)
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(28,314)				(28,314)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital		(11.400)		10.026		(460)
Financing Activities		(11,402)		10,936		(466)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities						
State and Federal Monies				343,434		343,434
Payments on Debt				(7,500)		(7,500)
Capital Outlay				(57,086)		(57,086)
Net Cash (Used) Provided By Capital and Related Financing						
Activities				278,848		278,848

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Jail anteen		Airport Board		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		Fund		Fund		Totals
Interest Earned	\$		\$	112	\$	112
Net Cash Provided By	Ψ		Ψ	112	Ψ	112
Investing Activities				112		112
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash						
Equivalents		(8,650)		280,841		272,191
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2008		33,327		23,399		56,726
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2009	\$	24,677	\$	304,240	\$	328,917
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	2,501	\$	(129,202)	\$	(126,701)
Depreciation Expense		251		120,147		120,398
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	2,752	\$	(9,055)	\$	(6,303)

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

WAYNE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

	Agency Fund Jail Inmate Account		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,561	
Total Assets		2,561	
Liabilities			
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		2,561	
Total Liabilities	\$	2,561	

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	41
Note 2.	DEPOSITS	48
Note 3.	CAPITAL ASSETS	48
Nоте 4.	LONG-TERM DEBT	50
Note 5.	FINANCING OBLIGATIONS	52
Nоте 6.	INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT AND FINANCING OBLIGATIONS	56
Nоте 7.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	57
Nоте 8.	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	57
Nоте 9.	Insurance	57
NOTE 10.	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS	58
NOTE 11.	SUBSEQUENT EVENT	58

WAYNE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county prepares its government wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Wayne County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. The county has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Wayne County Public Properties Corporation

The fiscal court appoints a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Properties Corporation. The Public Properties Corporation's financial information is reported in the Justice Center Project Fund and Detention Facility Project Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Wayne County Airport Board

The Wayne County Airport Board (the Board) was established to oversee the operations of the Wayne County Airport. The Board does not have separate corporate powers from those of the Fiscal Court. Therefore, management must include the Board as a component unit and the Board's financial activity has been blended with that of the Fiscal Court. The Board's financial information is reported in the Airport Board Fund.

C. Wayne County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Wayne County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Wayne County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide and fund financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Detention Facility Project Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest for the Wayne County Detention Facility and is a part of the Public Properties Corporation. The Public Properties Corporation issued debt to build a detention facility and has entered into a contract, lease, and option with the County. The Department for Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget these funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Justice Center Project Fund - This fund accounts for the funds used for construction of a new Justice Center and is a part of the Public Properties Corporation, a blended component unit of the county. The Public Properties Corporation issued debt to build the Justice Center and has entered into a contract, lease, and option with the County and Administrative Office of The Courts (AOC), Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Department for Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget these funds.

The government also has the following non-major governmental funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Homeland Security Fund, Emergency Management Fund, and Timberland Tax Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Homeland Security Fund, Emergency Management Fund, and Timberland Tax Fund are special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund:

The Justice Center Project Fund is a capital projects fund. Capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund:

The Detention Facility Project fund is a debt service fund. Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services in the Jail Canteen Fund and the Airport Board Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Airport Board Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Wayne County Airport. Operating revenues of this fund are derived mainly from fuel and water sales and the rental of hangar space at the airport. Operating expenses consist mainly of the cost of sales, office expenses and depreciation.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	oitalization	Useful Life	
	T	hreshold	(Years)	
Land and Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements		25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment		2,500	3-25	
Vehicles		2,500	3-25	
Infrastructure		20,000	10-50	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, long-term loan agreements, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity (Continued)

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. Formal budgets are not adopted for the Public Properties Corporation Fund, the Jail Canteen Fund, or the Airport Board Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

J. Joint Venture

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Wayne County Fiscal Court:

Tri-County Animal Control is considered a joint venture with Wayne, Clinton and Cumberland County Fiscal Courts.

Monticello-Wayne County Park is considered a joint venture with the Wayne County Fiscal Court and the City of Monticello.

Community Telecom Services is considered a joint venture with the Wayne County Fiscal Court and the City of Monticello.

Note 2. Deposits

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4). As of June 30, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance and properly executed collateral security agreements.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	Beginning						Ending
Primary Government:	Balance	I	ncreases	D	ecreases]	Balance
Governmental Activities:					_		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 936,035	\$		\$		\$	936,035
Total Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated	936,035						936,035
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	11,982,470		45,022			1	2,027,492
Other Equipment	1,016,132		87,131		(4,975)		1,098,288
Vehicles and Equipment	1,611,219		70,085		(60,000)		1,621,304
Infrastructure	3,356,112		94,837				3,450,949
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	\$17,965,933	\$	297,075	\$	(64,975)	\$1	8,198,033

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Reginning Balance		Reporting Entity				
Covernmental Activities: Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings \$ (788,685) \$ (143,052) \$ (931,737) Other Equipment (282,727) (83,949) 4,975 (361,701) Vehicles and Equipment (942,048) (115,467) 48,600 (1,008,915) Infrastructure (311,423) (138,038) (449,461) Total Accumulated Depreciation (2,324,883) (480,506) 53,575 (2,751,814) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$ 16,382,254 Business-Type Activities:		Beginning	•	•	Ending	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings \$ (788,685) \$ (143,052) \$ (931,737) Other Equipment (282,727) (83,949) 4,975 (361,701) Vehicles and Equipment (942,048) (115,467) 48,600 (1,008,915) Infrastructure (311,423) (138,038) (449,461) Total Accumulated Depreciation (2,324,883) (480,506) 53,575 (2,751,814) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$ 16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$ 16,382,254 Business-Type Activities:	Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Buildings	Governmental Activities:					
Other Equipment (282,727) (83,949) 4,975 (361,701) Vehicles and Equipment (942,048) (115,467) 48,600 (1,008,915) Infrastructure (311,423) (138,038) (449,461) Total Accumulated Depreciation (2,324,883) (480,506) 53,575 (2,751,814) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities: S \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities S \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities \$ (10,312) \$ (11,400) \$ (11,400) \$ (11,400) \$ (11,400)	Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Vehicles and Equipment Infrastructure (942,048) (311,423) (115,467) (138,038) 48,600 (1,008,915) (449,461) Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities: \$110,312 \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in progress \$ 110,312 \$ 38,752 \$ 38,752 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Buildings Depreciated: Buildings \$ 1,161,952 \$ 1,161,952 \$ 1,161,952 Other equipment Other equipment Suildings Other equipment Suildings Other equipment Suildings Other equipment Suildings Other Suildings Ot	Buildings	\$ (788,685)	\$ (143,052)	\$	\$ (931,737)	
Infrastructure	Other Equipment	(282,727)	(83,949)	4,975	(361,701)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation (2,324,883) (480,506) 53,575 (2,751,814) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in progress \$110,312 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Vehicles and Equipment	(942,048)	(115,467)	48,600	(1,008,915)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219 Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land \$ 110,312 \$ \$ \$110,312 Construction in progress 38,752 38,752 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: 13,568 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 17 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) <td>Infrastructure</td> <td>(311,423)</td> <td>(138,038)</td> <td></td> <td>(449,461)</td>	Infrastructure	(311,423)	(138,038)		(449,461)	
Depreciated, Net 15,641,050 (183,431) (11,400) 15,446,219		(2,324,883)	(480,506)	53,575	(2,751,814)	
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in progress 110,312 38,752 38,752 38,752 38,752 38,752 149,064	<u>.</u>	15 641 050	(192 /21)	(11.400)	15 446 210	
Assets, Net \$16,577,085 \$ (183,431) \$ (11,400) \$16,382,254 Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	÷ ,	13,041,030	(165,451)	(11,400)	13,440,219	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land \$ 110,312 \$ 38,752 38,752 Construction in progress 38,752 38,752 38,752 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: 8 13,568 13,568 Buildings 1,161,952 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 9,500 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Busi		\$16,577,085	\$ (183,431)	\$ (11,400)	\$16,382,254	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land \$ 110,312 \$ 38,752 38,752 Construction in progress 38,752 38,752 38,752 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: 8 13,568 13,568 Buildings 1,161,952 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 9,500 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Busi	Ruciness Type Activities				_	
Land Construction in progress \$ 110,312 \$ 38,752 \$ 38,752 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992	business-Type Activities.					
Construction in progress 38,752 38,752 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:	Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:		\$ 110,312		\$		
Depreciated 110,312 38,752 149,064 Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 13,568 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 102,064 3,065,992			38,752		38,752	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992		110.010	20.752		140.064	
Buildings 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992	Depreciated	110,312	38,752		149,064	
Buildings 1,161,952 1,161,952 Other equipment 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992	Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Other equipment 13,568 13,568 Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings Other Equipment (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment Other Equipment Other Other Equipment Other		1.161.952			1.161.952	
Vehicles and Equipment 9,500 9,500 Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings Other Equipment (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992						
Infrastructure 2,484,787 18,334 2,503,121 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) (251) (8,576) (251) (8,576) (251) (8,576) (251) (251) (8,010) (270) (270) (270) (270) (270) (274,916) (8,010) (274,916) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Accumulated Depreciation Copital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net Subject Scapital (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) (622,149) (102,064) (102,064) (102,064) (102,064) (102,064)						
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,669,807 18,334 3,688,141 Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) (251) (8,576) (251) (8,576) (270) (8,010) (270) (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) (30,647) (251) (25			18,334			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: 310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being 0 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992	Total Capital Assets Being					
Buildings (310,894) (19,753) (330,647) Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992	Depreciated	3,669,807	18,334		3,688,141	
Other Equipment (8,325) (251) (8,576) Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital	Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Vehicles and Equipment (7,740) (270) (8,010) Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital	Buildings	(310,894)	(19,753)		(330,647)	
Infrastructure (174,792) (100,124) (274,916) Total Accumulated Depreciation (501,751) (120,398) (622,149) Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital (102,064) 3,065,992 (102,064) (102,064)	Other Equipment	(8,325)	(251)		(8,576)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net Business-Type Activities Capital (501,751) (120,398) (120,398) (120,398) (102,064) (102,064) (102,064)	Vehicles and Equipment	(7,740)	(270)		(8,010)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital	Infrastructure	(174,792)	(100,124)		(274,916)	
Depreciated, Net 3,168,056 (102,064) 3,065,992 Business-Type Activities Capital	Total Accumulated Depreciation	(501,751)	(120,398)		(622,149)	
Business-Type Activities Capital						
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	3,168,056	(102,064)		3,065,992	
Assets, Net \$ 3,278,368 \$ (63,312) \$ \$ 3,215,056	Assets, Net	\$ 3,278,368	\$ (63,312)	\$	\$ 3,215,056	

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 101,054
Protection to Persons and Property	211,002
General Health and Sanitation	5,486
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 162,964
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 480,506
Business-Type Activities	
Jail Canteen	\$ 251
Airport	 120,147
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 120,398

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Justice Center - Series 2003 Bond Issue

On January 1, 2003, the Public Properties Corporation issued \$7,395,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, for the construction of the Wayne County Justice Center. The bonds have various interest rates from 3.50% to 4.25%. Interest is payable each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2003. Principal is payable each September 1, commencing September 1, 2004. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009, were \$6,055,000. Future debt service requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	I	Principal		Interest	
	_		_		
2010	\$	300,000	\$	244,802	
2011		310,000		232,603	
2012		325,000		219,903	
2013		340,000		206,603	
2014		1,905,000		192,803	
2015-2019		2,345,000		733,679	
2020-2024		530,000		223,550	
2025				44,515	
Totals	\$	6,055,000	\$	2,098,458	

B. Justice Center - Series 2005 Bonds

On September 1, 2005, the Public Properties Corporation issued \$560,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, for the final construction of the Wayne County Justice Center. The bonds have various interest rates from 3.30% to 4.1%. Interest is payable each March 1 and September 1 commencing March 1, 2006. Principal is payable each September 1 commencing September 1, 2006. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009, were \$490,000. Future debt service requirements are:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Justice Center - Series 2006 Bonds (Continued)

	G	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	•	incipal		Interest			
2010		25,000		18,618			
2011		25,000		17,793			
2012		25,000		16,911			
2013		25,000		15,974			
2014		30,000		14,942			
2015-2019		160,000		56,900			
2020-2024		200,000		21,659			
Totals	\$	490,000	\$	162,797			

C. Detention Center - Series 1999 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds

On November 10, 1999, the Public Properties Corporation issued \$4,665,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, for the construction of the Wayne County Detention Facility. During fiscal year 2009, the Public Properties Corporation issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 (Note 4.D.). A portion of this bond issue was used to defease the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1999. As of June 30, 2009, the escrow account had a balance of \$3,869,880.

D. Detention Center - Series 2009 Refunding Bonds

On March 1, 2006, the Public Properties Corporation issued \$4,135,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006, for the Wayne County Detention Facilities Project. The bonds have an interest rate of 4.0%. Interest is payable each May 1 and November 1 commencing May 1, 2006. Principal is payable each November 1 commencing November 1, 2006. General Obligation Refunding Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009, were \$3,660,000. Future debt service requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Interest				
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2019 2020-2024	\$	170,000 175,000 185,000 185,000 195,000 1,105,000 1,345,000	\$	143,000 136,100 128,900 121,500 113,900 372,000 269,400	
2025		300,000		6,000	
Totals	\$	3,660,000	\$	1,290,800	

Note 5. Financing Obligations

The county has entered into the following agreements:

A. Airport Loan (Business-Type Activities)

On October 20, 2003, the Airport Board, with approval from the Wayne County Fiscal Court entered into a \$75,000 loan agreement with the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet for the improvement of the airport. Terms of the agreement stipulate a ten-year repayment schedule with interest of two percent. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	. <u> </u>	rincipal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest		
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	\$	7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500	\$	1,050 900 750 600 450 450		
Totals	\$	37,500	\$	4,200		

B. Cable System Loan/Notes Receivable

On August 12, 2004, the Wayne County Fiscal Court passed and adopted a resolution authorizing the county to enter into a joint venture with the City of Monticello for the purchase and improvement of a cable television system. Financing of the county's portion of the project is to be provided through a certain lease agreement between the Kentucky League of Cities Leasing Trust ("the Lessor") and the County ("the Lessee") at an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$2,300,000. Terms of the agreement stipulate a twenty-year repayment schedule beginning December 2004, with interest of 2.23%. The annual debt service to be paid from the cable service fees collected. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Interest				
2010	\$	97,733	\$	51,428	
2011		100,685		54,922	
2012		103,633		51,836	
2013		106,892		48,443	
2014		110,046		45,135	
2015-2019		601,968		171,555	
2020-2024		698,198		70,907	
2025		62,994		874	
Totals	\$	1,882,149	\$	495,100	

Note 5. Financing Obligations (Continued)

B. Cable System Loan/Notes Receivable (Continued)

The County has also recorded a note receivable due from the joint venture for the amount of the debt incurred by the County as follows:

Current Portion	\$ 97,733
Long-Term Portion	1,784,416
Total	\$ 1.882.149

C. Hope Center

On February 16, 2001, the Wayne County Fiscal Court entered into a lease with option to purchase agreement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the acquisition of the Hope Center formerly the Old Maintenance Site. Terms of the agreement stipulate a yearly principal payment of \$2,922 for a period of ten years ending on July 1, 2010. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance remaining was \$2,922.

Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Principal					
2010	\$	2,922				
Totals	\$	2,922				

Note 5. Financing Obligations (Continued)

D. Mack Dump Truck

On March 28, 2008, the Wayne County Fiscal entered into a \$105,000 lease agreement with the Bank of New York for the acquisition of a 2008 Mack dump truck. Terms of the agreement stipulate an eighteen month repayment schedule, with a 3.75% fixed interest rate and the principal payments of \$105,000 due on September 20, 2009. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance remaining was \$105,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

		Governmen	tal Activities		
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	F	Principal		nterest	
2010	\$	105,000	\$	2,219	
Totals	\$	105,000	\$	2,219	

E. Sheriff's Vehicles

On July 13, 2007 the Wayne County Fiscal Court entered into a \$71,656 agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for the acquisition of two Sheriff's vehicles. Terms of the agreement stipulate a three-year repayment schedule, with a 5.33% fixed interest rate and varying annual principal payments ending on January 10, 2010. As of June 30, 2009, principal outstanding was \$24,656. Future principal and interest requirements are:

		Governmen	tal Activities		
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest		
2010	\$	24,656	\$	589	
Totals	\$	24,656	\$	589	

F. John Deere Grader

On March 17, 2008 the Wayne County Fiscal Court entered into a \$160,514 agreement with Monticello Banking Company for the acquisition of a John Deere Grader.. Terms of the agreement stipulate a tenyear repayment schedule, with a 3.96% fixed interest rate and monthly principal and interest payments ending on January 17, 2018. As of June 30, 2009, principal outstanding was \$140,756. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Note 5. Financing Obligations (Continued)

F. John Deere Grader (Continued)

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal		nterest	
2010	¢	14 252	¢	1 922	
2010	\$	14,252	\$	4,833	
		14,774		4,311	
2012		15,314		3,771	
2013		15,875		3,210	
2014		16,456		2,629	
2015-2018		64,085		4,318	
Totals	\$	140,756	\$	23,072	

G. Bobcat

On November 25, 2008 the Wayne County Fiscal Court entered into a \$28,637 agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for the acquisition a Bobcat. Terms of the agreement stipulate a one-year repayment schedule, with a 2.819% fixed interest rate and varying annual principal payments ending on November 20, 2009. As of June 30, 2009, principal outstanding was \$28,637. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest			
2010	\$	28,637	\$	339		
Totals	\$	28,637	\$	339		

Note 5. Financing Obligations (Continued)

H. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Restated				
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 10,675,000	\$	\$ 470,000	\$10,205,000	\$ 495,000
Financing Obligations	2,472,755	28,637	317,272	2,184,120	273,200
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 13,147,755	\$ 28,637	\$ 787,272	\$12,389,120	\$ 768,200
C	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities: Long Term Airport Loan	\$ 45,000	\$ 0	\$ 7,500	\$ 37,500	\$ 7,500

Note 6. Interest on Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$15,423 in interest on financing obligations and \$425,563 in interest on bonds and notes.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must met the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation

On February 24, 2000, the Wayne County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full-time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans in voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority, 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, Wayne County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments

The Beginning Net Assets of the Statement of Activities and the Beginning Balance of the Long-term Debt of the governmental activities have been restated by \$2,922. This was due to the prior year recording of a debt payment not actually paid in that fiscal year.

Note 11. Subsequent Event

The former Wayne County Clerk owes \$139,986 to the 2008 Fee Account due to the findings in the 2007 and 2008 Wayne County Clerk's audits. Of that amount, \$108,256 in Excess Fees is owed to the County.

WAYNE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

WAYNE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	GENERAL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 2,876,0		\$	2,929,911	\$	2,941,793	\$	11,882
In Lieu Tax Payments	376,0			190,401		263,487		73,086
Excess Fees	69,			84,001		83,003		(998)
Licenses and Permits	35,8	314		37,423		37,182		(241)
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,036,7	744		2,316,995		986,254		(1,330,741)
Charges for Services	771,0	000		790,916		915,566		124,650
Miscellaneous	33,	100		38,755		47,782		9,027
Interest	29,5			24,500		22,123		(2,377)
Total Revenues	6,227,3	365		6,412,902		5,297,190		(1,115,712)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	1,532,6	529		1,562,080		1,042,441		519,639
Protection to Persons and Property	1,676,7			1,891,731		1,556,424		335,307
General Health and Sanitation	377,8			434,426		291,514		142,912
Social Services	194,			198,246		166,427		31,819
Recreation and Culture	68,2			149,607		146,135		3,472
Airports	22,7			22,700		21,477		1,223
Capital Projects	1,002,9	952		1,047,974		209,933		838,041
Administration	1,222,0	060		1,421,448		1,077,183		344,265
Total Expenditures	6,097,0			6,728,212		4,511,534		2,216,678
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	129,6	670 <u> </u>		(315,310)		785,656		1,100,966
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds				3,760		3,760		
Transfers To Other Funds	(569,3			(572,336)		(485,326)		87,010
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(569,3	336)		(568,576)		(481,566)		87,010
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(439,6	566)		(883,886)		304,090		1,187,976
Fund Balance - Beginning	439,0	566		915,399		915,399		

Fund Balance - Ending

 \$
 0
 \$
 31,513
 \$
 1,219,489
 \$
 1,187,976

WAYNE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES	ф	1.000	ф	4.110	Φ.		Φ.		
In Lieu Tax Payments	\$	1,282	\$	4,113	\$	4,114	\$	1	
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,277,243		1,274,607		1,274,606		(1)	
Miscellaneous		100		10,365		10,265		(100)	
Interest		6,000		3,150		7,457		4,307	
Total Revenues		1,284,625		1,292,235		1,296,442		4,207	
EXPENDITURES									
Roads		1,314,485		1,272,655		1,164,207		108,448	
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		7,960		16,410		13,788		2,622	
Administration		120,180		115,976		105,803		10,173	
Total Expenditures		1,442,625		1,405,041		1,283,798		121,243	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(158,000)		(112,806)		12,644		125,450	
Fund Balance - Beginning		158,000		112,806		112,805		(1)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	125,449	\$	125,449	

WAYNE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
REVENUES		Original		Final		Basis)	(1)	(egative)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,235,539	\$	1,191,394	\$	1,281,670	\$	90,276
Charges for Services	Ψ	39,000	Ψ	29,886	φ	26,735	Ψ	(3,151)
Miscellaneous		34,300		34,606		34,329		(277)
Interest		3,000		2,250		1,976		(274)
Total Revenues		1,311,839		1,258,136		1,344,710		86,574
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		1,306,373		1,316,427		1,249,753		66,674
Debt Service		311,600		312,600		312,600		
Administration		285,976		247,873		224,114		23,759
Total Expenditures		1,903,949		1,876,900		1,786,467		90,433
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(592,110)		(618,764)		(441,757)		177,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		555,010		555,010		469,000		(86,010)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		555,010		555,010		469,000		(86,010)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(37,100)		(63,754)		27,243		90,997
Fund Balance - Beginning		37,100		63,765		63,666		(99)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	11	\$	90,909	\$	90,898

WAYNE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2009

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Reconciliation of the Budgetary Basis to the Modified Cash Basis

General Fund		
Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$	4,511,534
To Reclass Transfer To Airport Board		(10,936)
		4.500.500
Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis		4,500,598
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -Budgetary Basis		(481,566)
To Reclass Transfer To Airport Board		(10,936)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -Modified Cash Basis	\$	(492,502)
Road Fund		
Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$	1,283,798
To Record Purchase Of Bobcat		28,637
Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis		1,312,435
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -Budgetary Basis	\$	
To Record Purchase Of Bobcat		28,637
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -Modified Cash Basis	\$	28,637
Jail Fund		
Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$	1,786,467
To Reclass Debt Payment Transfer	Ψ	(309,600)
To Reciass Debt Payment Transfer		(309,000)
Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis		1,476,867
Expenditures-Woulded Cash Basis		1,470,807
Other Financia a Courses (Head) Dudgetom Decis		460,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -Budgetary Basis		469,000
To Reclass Debt Payment Transfer		(309,600)
OI E ' G AL MICTOID'	ф	150 400
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -Modified Cash Basis	\$	159,400

WAYNE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2009

WAYNE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2009

	.GEA Fund	Sec	eland urity ınd	Man	ergency agement Fund	berland Tax Fund	No: Gove	Total n-Major rnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,606	\$	12	\$	4,051	\$ 6,510	\$	20,179
Total Assets	9,606		12		4,051	 6,510		20,179
FUND BALANCES								
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds	 9,606		12		4,051	 6,510		20,179
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,606	\$	12	\$	4,051	\$ 6,510	\$	20,179



WAYNE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

WAYNE COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	LGEA Fund	Homeland Security Fund	Emergency Management Fund	Timberland Tax Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,385	\$ 3,385
Intergovernmental	32,912	3,760	9,640	Ψ 3,303	46,312
Interest	215	3,700	49	63	327
Total Revenues	33,127	3,760	9,689	3,448	50,024
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	31,011				31,011
Protection to Persons and Property			13,904	4,185	18,089
Administration	5,409				5,409
Total Expenditures	36,420		13,904	4,185	54,509
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures Before Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(3,293)	3,760	(4,215)	(737)	(4,485)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers From Other Funds	9,484		6,842		16,326
Transfers To Other Funds		(3,760)			(3,760)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	9,484	(3,760)	6,842		12,566
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,191		2,627	(737)	8,081
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,415	12	1,424	7,247	12,098
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 9,606	\$ 12	\$ 4,051	\$ 6,510	\$ 20,179



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

2300 Hurstbourne Village Drive, Suite 500 Louisville, Kentucky 40299

Phone: (502) 493-1090 FAX: (502) 493-7231

The Honorable Greg Rankin, Wayne County Judge/Executive Members of the Wayne County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2010. Wayne County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wayne County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wayne County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wayne County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying comments and recommendations to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

2009-1 The Airport Board Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties

2009-2 The County Should Capitalize Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

<u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u> (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiencies described above to be material weaknesses.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wayne County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

2009-3 The Airport Board Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days As Required By KRS 65.140

The Wayne County Judge/Executive's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit the official's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Peerry and Gray, PSC

Peercy and Gray, PSC

January 28, 2010

WAYNE COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

WAYNE COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2009-1 The Airport Board Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Segregation of duties or implementation of compensating controls, when needed because the number of staff is limited, is essential for providing protection to employees in the normal course of performing their duties and can also help prevent inaccurate financial reporting and/or misappropriation of assets.

A lack of segregation exists over the receipt, disbursement and reconciliation functions because a limited number of employees are available to properly segregate these job duties. The Airport Board bookkeeper receives cash, prepares bank deposits, prepares the monthly bank reconciliation, writes and co-signs all disbursements, as well as posts to the receipts and disbursements ledgers.

Because the Airport Board bookkeeper handles all functions of the Airport Board and compensating controls were not in place, we noted the following:

- No evidence of review or printout of any general ledger detail or financial statements.
- The general ledger was incomplete and inaccurate:
 - The Beginning Net Assets were overstated by\$4,519. A review of the bank statements and the general ledger found a \$4,987 current year deposit and two current year checks totaling \$353 recorded in the prior year. In addition, there was one check for \$151 that cleared the bank, but was not recorded on the general ledger. Finally, there was \$36 in unknown overstatements.
 - o We discovered errors in classification of revenues in the amounts of \$10,936.
- Sales tax was not paid timely resulting in \$394.91 in penalties and interest. There were four checks written for the months of February, April, May and June of 2009 that had not been cashed and were still outstanding as of November 30, 2009. The sales tax for the months of August, September, October and November of 2008 and January of 2009 were paid with one check written on February 2, 2009. There was no evidence in the manual and computer check registers that sales tax for these months were ever written monthly. The 1.75% vendor compensation was deducted on all of these forms, but is only allowed when the sales tax is filed and paid timely. It is likely the Airport Board will receive a notice from the state and will have to pay this back. We were told that there were problems with the postal service.

To adequately protect employees in the normal course of performing their duties, and/or prevent inaccurate financial reporting or misappropriation of assets, we recommend that:

- The Airport Board separate the various receipt, disbursement and reconciliation functions and implement compensating controls. If, due to limited staff size, that is not feasible, strong oversight over those areas should occur and involve an employee not currently performing any of these functions such as the Airport Board President.
- All outstanding checks should be investigated, and voided and reissued if necessary.

WAYNE COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS (Continued)

2009-1 The Airport Board Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties (Continued)

• All invoices should be paid timely to avoid penalties and interest and that sales tax be paid online to avoid problems with the postal service.

Airport Board Chairman Ralph Davis's Response: The official did not respond.

County Judge Executive Greg Rankin's Response: The official did not respond.

2009-2 The County Should Capitalize Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy

During our testing of capital assets of the governmental entity, we discovered the following:

- The Cost to be depreciated column of the capital asset listing for land and buildings did not total correctly.
- The final payment for construction costs for the EMS building in the amount of \$45,022 was not capitalized.
- A Bobcat purchased with loan proceeds in the amount of \$28,637 was not capitalized.
- A down payment for an ambulance in the amount of \$20,940 was not capitalized. The amount should be recorded on the capital asset listing; however, depreciation should not be recorded until the final purchase of the ambulance takes place in the subsequent fiscal year.

During our testing of capital assets of the business-type entities, we discovered the following:

- Taxiway additions for 2008 in the amount of \$599,758 were not included on the current year Capital Asset Listing for Infrastructure for the Airport. Consequently, depreciation of \$23,990 was not recorded for these additions in the current year.
- Engineering services in the amount of \$38,752 for the Runway Light Rehabilitation Project for the Airport were not included as construction in progress as required by the capitalization policy.

We recommend that the county strengthen the controls over the recording of capital assets to ensure compliance with the county's capitalization policy.

Airport Board Chairman Ralph Davis's Response: The official did not respond.

County Judge Executive Greg Rankin's Response: The official did not respond.

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2009-3 The Airport Board Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days As Required By KRS 65.140

During our audit testing, we noted that three of the seven invoices we tested were not paid within thirty (30) working days. Also, there were eleven of the twelve sales tax returns not paid timely.

WAYNE COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Continued)

2009-3 The Airport Board Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days As Required By KRS 65.140 (Continued)

KRS 65.140 states that "unless the purchaser and vendor otherwise contract, all bills for goods and services shall be paid within thirty (30) working days of receipt of a vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper performances or improper invoicing by the vendor's subcontractor."

This statute further states "an interest penalty of one percent (1%) of any amount approved and unpaid shall be added to the amount approved each month or fraction thereof after thirty (30) working days which follow receipt of vendor's invoice by the purchaser."

We recommend that the Airport Board comply with KRS 65.140 and pay all invoices within the required thirty (30) working days.

Airport Board Chairman Ralph Davis's Response: The official did not respond.

County Judge Executive Greg Rankin's Response: The official did not respond.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

WAYNE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS WAYNE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The Wayne County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance and Development Programs was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Greg Rankin

County Judge/Executive

Barbara Gehring County Treasurer